







复诊。

#### 4 小结

本研究通过回顾电子病历选取患者住院期间常用的客观变量构建 2 型糖尿病患者低血糖风险预测模型,数据获取方便且该模型具有较高的预测性能,为临床医护人员早期防治低血糖高危人群提供了便捷、高效的筛查工具。但本研究为单中心、回顾性研究,且缺乏外部验证,可能存在一定的结果偏倚,未来需要进行多中心的、更大样本的前瞻性队列研究,以进一步完善和提高模型的预测效能和外推性。此外,本研究低血糖的监测是通过床旁指尖血糖监测法而非连续动态血糖监测法,可能存在低血糖漏诊现象,建议未来有条件的医院可采取连续动态血糖监测法以降低低血糖漏诊率,构建更完善的预测模型。

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